# **Scottish Borders**



REPORTING PERIOD: APRIL TO AUGUST 2012

(unless otherwise indicated)

ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOUR (ASB)						
		YTD	vs LYTD	% Change		
Reduce the number of ASB related incidents	Recorded	5883	6226	-5.5		
Increase the number of early interventions	Recorded	101	96	+5.2		
Increase public confidence in Police & Partners performance in tackling ASB	Survey results	38%	37%	+1.0		
Reduce the number of hate crimes		23	23	+0.0		
Develop a framework to monitor performance regarding repeat victimisation over 2012/13 with a view to establishing KPIs for future years	Current status	S Under development - No current baseline				

THEFT & DISH	IONESTY			
		YTD	vs LYTD	% Change
	Recorded	38	38	+0.0
Theft by housebreaking (dwelling)	Detected	16	21	-23.8
	Detection Rate	42%	55%	-13.0
	Recorded	11	13	-15.4
Theft by housebreaking (non-dwelling)	Detected	1	8	-87.5
	Detection Rate	9%	62%	-53.0
	Recorded	14	17	-17.6
Theft by housebreaking (business)	Detected	0	7	-100.0
	Detection Rate	0%	41%	-41.0
	Recorded	13	12	+8.3
Housebreaking with intent and attempts (dwelling)	Detected	5	2	+150.0
	Detection Rate	38%	17%	+21.0
	Recorded	17	5	+240.0
Housebreaking with intent and attempts (non-dwelling)	Detected	4	0	+0.0
	Detection Rate	24%	0%	+24.0
	Recorded	9	17	-47.1
Housebreaking with intent and attempts (business)	Detected	1	0	+0.0
	Detection Rate	11%	0%	+11.0
	Recorded	231	228	+1.3
Theft others	Detected	83	73	+13.7
	Detection Rate	36%	32%	+4.0

INDICATOR: GREEN - Performance has improved; AMBER - Performance shows no change; RED - Performance has reduced

ROAD CASUALTIES				
		YTD	YTD	% change to
			Target	desired target
Reduce the number of people killed in collisions by 40% by 2020	Recorded	4	4	+0.0
Reduce the number of people seriously injured in collisions by 55% by 2020	Recorded	29	30	-1.0
Reduce the number of children (aged under 16) killed in collisions by 50% by 2020	Recorded	0	0	+0.0
Reduce the number of children seriously injured in collisions by 55% by 2020	Recorded	2	2	+0.0

IMPROVING PUBLIC PROTECTION IN THE BORDERS					
			YTD	vs LYTD	% Change
	Orienna of violena	Decembed	40	40	46.7
Deduction of covered and violent offences against children	Crimes of violence	Recorded	10 -	12 10	-16.7
Reduction of sexual and violent offences against children		Detected	7	10	-30.0
		Detection Rate	70%	83%	-13.3
	Crimes of indecency	Recorded	16	20	-20.0
		Detected	13	17	-23.5
		Detection Rate	81%	85%	-3.8
	Sexual re-offending	Apr to Jun	2	2	+0.0
Reduction in repeat sexual offending by registered sexual	Registration offences	Apr to Jun	1	2	-50.0
offenders	Breach of orders	Apr to Jun	2	5	-60.0
	Non sexual crimes	Apr to Jun	1	6	-83.3
Reduction of repeat offending in respect of domestic	No. of Repeat Offenders	Recorded	67	99	-32.3
violence	No. of Repeat Victims	Recorded	73	98	-25.5
Number of victims of domestic abuse on the Domestic		Recorded	Und	der Developm	ent
Violence Pathway Project					
Increase early identification of those at risk of harm through the num	ber of	Child CFs	708	910	-22.2
submissions of Child and Adult Concern forms that result in a multi-a	agency response	Adult CFs	381	414	-8.0
to provide appropriate support and protection					

INDICATOR: GREEN - Performance has improved; AMBER - Performance shows no change; RED - Performance has reduced

	DRUGS & ALCOHOL				
			YTD	vs LYTD	% Change
Ir	ncrease the number of custodies referred to specialist services via the Arrest Referral Scheme	Recorded	72	44	+63.6
I	ncrease the number of custodies receiving an Alcohol Brief Intervention (ABI)	Recorded	8	0	+0.0
		Searches	467	318	+46.9
li	ncrease the number of stop/searches for drugs	+ve search	46	36	+27.8
		Ratio of success	10%	11%	-1.5
	ncrease the number of young people referred to specialist services for drug/alcohol related	Recorded	65	53	+22.6
l	ncrease the number of test purchasing operations	Carried out	14	33	-57.6
"	ncrease the number of test purchasing operations	Failed	0	5	-100.0
		Repeat fail	0	0	+0.0
	n conjunction with our partners, develop a framework to accurately assess the true impact of drug/alcohol misuse	Current status	Under Development		ent
Īī		Presentations / talks given	64	15	+326.7

INDICATOR: GREEN - Performance has improved; AMBER - Performance shows no change; RED - Performance has reduced





for The Scottish Borders

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**Quarter 1 (April – June) 2012-13** 

#### INTRODUCTION

This performance report provides information on our prevention, protection and operational response activities within the Scottish Borders over the (quarter).

The aims of the local Fire & Rescue Service in the Scottish Borders are to reduce fire deaths throughout the Scottish Borders area and to reduce injuries from fire and other emergencies in the community. We aim to achieve this by working in partnership, being pro-active and targeting our prevention and protection activities to where they are required, based on evidence.

Within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan 2012 for Scottish Borders, five objectives for the local Fire and Rescue Service to work towards have been identified for 2012/13 (listed below).

- Objective 1: To reduce the occurrence of road traffic collisions and the resulting in death and injury;
- Objective 2: To reduce the occurrence of special service incidents and resulting death and injury.
- Objective 3: To reduce the occurrence of accidental fires in the home resulting in deaths and injury;
- Objective 4: To reduce the occurrence of other primary fires and resulting death and injury;
- Objective 5: To reduce the occurrence of unwanted fire signals the associated disruption;

#### **QUARTER 1 OUTCOMES**

#### **Road Traffic Collisions**

The FRS attended 11 Road Traffic Collisions during this reporting period, a decrease of 8 incidents when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Special Services**

The FRS attended 34 Special Service incidents during this reporting period, an increase of 15 incidents when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Accidental Dwelling Fires**

There were 29 Accidental Dwelling fires during this reporting period, a increase of 9 incidents when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Fire Casualties/Fatalities**

There were 0 fire fatalities and 4 fire casualties from accidental dwelling fires during this reporting period.

#### **Other Primary Fires**

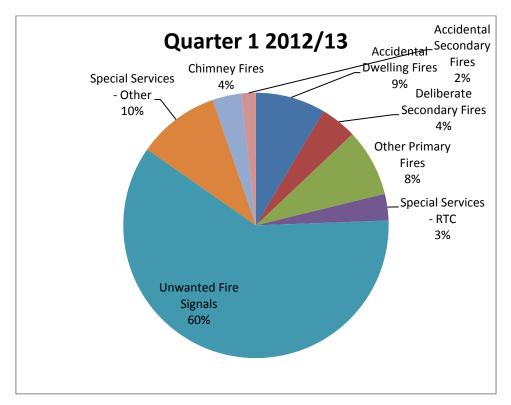
There were 28 Other Primary fires during this reporting period, a decrease of 21 incidents when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

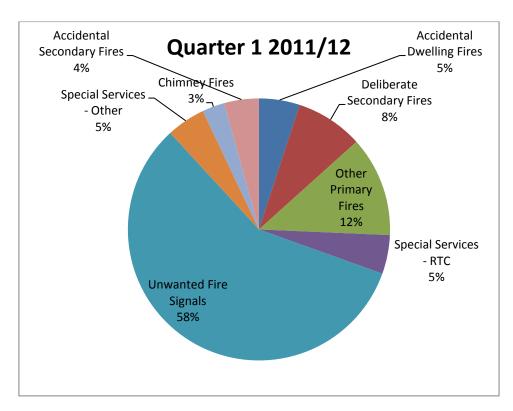
#### **Unwanted Fire Signals**

There were 205 Unwanted Fire Signals during this reporting period, a decrease of 24 incidents when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

#### **INCIDENT ACTIVITY OVERVIEW**

The charts below illustrate the Incident Activity for Quarter 1 2012-13 benchmarked against the same period last year.





#### **CONTENTS**

- 1. Road Traffic Collisions
- 2. Special Services
- 3. Accidental Dwelling Fires
- 4. Fire Fatalities
- 5. Fire Casualties
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- 8. Violence To Crews
- 9. Incidents involving Drugs or Alcohol
- 10. Incidents caused by Smoking Materials
- 11. Non Domestic Audits
- 12. Home Safety Visits
- 13. Community Engagement

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**OBJECTIVE 1:** TO REDUCE THE OCCURRENCE OF ROAD TRAFFIC COLLISIONS AND THE RESULTING IN DEATH AND INJURY.

#### **Road Traffic Collisions**

Definition: When a road vehicle collides with another vehicle, pedestrian, animal, road debris, or other stationary obstruction, such as a tree or utility pole.

	2	2011		012
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Road Traffic Collisions	19	77	11	11
East Berwickshire Ward	1	7	0	0
Galashiels and District Ward	4	15	1	1
Hawick and Denholm Ward	0	1	0	0
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	0	2	0	0
Jedburgh and District Ward	1	7	1	1
Kelso and District Ward	0	1	1	1
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	2	10	2	2
Mid Berwickshire Ward	2	8	3	3
Selkirkshire Ward	2	9	0	0
Tweeddale East Ward	3	6	0	0
Tweeddale West Ward	4	11	3	3

Societal costs are given at £2,080 per incident as per CFSA

The FRS attended a total of 11 Road Traffic Collisions during this reporting period, a decrease of 8 incident when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

The FRS is a member of a multi-agency approach to reducing Road Traffic Collision's and the associated casualties and fatalities.

#### **Deaths and Injuries from Road Traffic Collisions**

	2011		2012	
	Q1 Total		Total Q1 To	
Deaths & Injuries from Road Traffic Collisions	14	47	4	4
Fatality	3	5	2	2
Injured (incl rescue with injury)	12	45	2	2

There were 2 reported fatalities from Road Traffic Collisions attended by the FRS during this reporting period a decrease of 1 Fatality. There were also 2 reported injuries as a result of Road Traffic Collisions a decrease of 10 reported injuries.

# **OBJECTIVE 2:** TO REDUCE THE OCCURRENCE OF SPECIAL SERVICE INCIDENTS AND RESULTING DEATH AND INJURY

#### Special Service resulting in Death or Injury

Definition: Non-fire incidents which require the attendance of an appliance or officer and include: flooding, rescues of persons, making safe etc.

	2011		2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Other Special Services	19	89	34	34
East Berwickshire Ward	2	11	3	3
Galashiels and District Ward	4	15	6	6
Hawick and Denholm Ward	2	8	1	1
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	0	5	2	2
Jedburgh and District Ward	0	5	1	1
Kelso and District Ward	2	4	2	2
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	3	10	5	5
Mid Berwickshire Ward	3	7	4	4
Selkirkshire Ward	0	9	1	1
Tweeddale East Ward	0	5	2	2
Tweeddale West Ward	3	10	7	7

Societal costs are given at £2080 per incident as per CFSA

The FRS attended 34 Special Service incidents during this reporting period, an increase of 15 incidents when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Deaths and Injuries from Other Special Services**

	2011		2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Deaths & Injuries From Other Special Services	4	20	5	5
Fatality	0	2	2	2
Injured (incl rescue with injury)	4	18	3	3

There were 2 reported fatalities from Special Service Incidents attended by the FRS during this reporting period an increase of 2 Fatalities. However, there were a 3 reported injuries as a result of Special Service Incidents a decrease of 1 reported incident.

**OBJECTIVE 3:** TO REDUCE THE OCCURRENCE OF ACCIDENTAL FIRES IN THE HOME RESULTING IN DEATHS AND INJURY.

#### **Accidental Dwelling Fires**

Definition: Building occupied by households, excluding hotels, hostels and residential institutions. In 2000, the definition of a dwelling was widened to include any non-permanent structure used solely as a dwelling, such as caravans, houseboats etc. Caravans, boats etc. not used as a permanent dwelling are shown according to the type of property. Accidental includes fires where the cause was not known or unspecified.

	20	2011		12
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Accidental Dwelling Fires	20	92	29	29
East Berwickshire Ward	4	8	2	2
Galashiels and District Ward	3	16	5	5
Hawick and Denholm Ward	1	8	3	3
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	2	15	2	2
Jedburgh and District Ward	1	3	3	3
Kelso and District Ward	2	10	2	2
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	3	6	3	3
Mid Berwickshire Ward	1	10	3	3
Selkirkshire Ward	0	4	1	1
Tweeddale East Ward	0	7	3	3
Tweeddale West Ward	3	5	2	2

Chief Fire Officer Association (Scotland) Community Fire Safety Assessment 2010 (CFSA) applies a societal cost of £25,500 per incident.

There were 29 Accidental Dwelling fires during this reporting period, a increase of 9 incidents when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

The main focus of the FRS's preventative activity in relation the accidental dwelling fires continues to be the delivery of the Home Safety Visit programme throughout the Scottish Borders.

#### Fire Fatalities as a direct result of Accident Dwelling Fires

Definition: A person whose death is attributed to a fire is counted as a fatality even if the death occurred weeks or months later.

	2	011	2012	
	Q1	Q1 Total		Total
Fire Fatalities From Accidental Dwelling Fires	1	2	0	0
Galashiels and District Ward	0	1		
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	1	1		

Economic cost of fire (Department of Communities and Local Government) model attributes a cost of £1,546,688 per fatality.

There were no reported fire fatalities as a result of Accidental Dwelling fires during this reporting period.

#### Non-Fatal Fire Casualties as a result of Accidental Dwelling Fires

Definition: Total number of non-fatal casualties, injured as a direct result of a fire attended by the service. Includes those who received first aid at the scene and those who were recommended to go for a precautionary check. Does not include injuries to fire service personnel.

	2011		2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Non-Fatal Fire Casualties From Accidental Dwelling Fires	4	12	4	4
East Berwickshire Ward	1	3	0	0
Hawick and Denholm Ward	0	1	0	0
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	0	1	1	1
Jedburgh and District Ward	0	1	1	1
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	3	3	0	0
Mid Berwickshire Ward	0	2	1	1
Tweeddale East Ward	0	1	1	1

Costs attributed are: Burns injury - £174,354 Smoke/fumes injury - £44,019 Precautionary check-up /other - £574 (source: DCLG)

There were 4 casualties as a result of people being involved in an Accidental Dwelling fire during this reporting period, this is the same number compared against the same reporting period during 2011-12.

# **OBJECTIVE 4:** TO REDUCE THE OCCURRENCE OF OTHER PRIMARY FIRES AND RESULTING DEATH AND INJURY

#### **Other Primary Fires**

Definition: These are fires in Buildings, Caravans, Vehicles, Outdoor storage, Agricultural premises or post boxes, amongst other property types, or any fire involving casualties, rescues, or fires attended by five or more appliances. Excludes accidental dwelling fires.

	20	011	2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Other Primary Fires Excluding Accidental Dwellings	49	132	28	28
East Berwickshire Ward	10	23	1	1
Galashiels and District Ward	6	19	1	1
Hawick and Denholm Ward	2	8	3	3
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	2	6	1	1
Jedburgh and District Ward	8	14	5	5
Kelso and District Ward	1	11	0	0
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	4	15	2	2
Mid Berwickshire Ward	6	11	3	3
Selkirkshire Ward	4	8	3	3
Tweeddale East Ward	3	10	3	3
Tweeddale West Ward	3	7	6	6

There were 28 Other Primary fires during this reporting period, a decrease of 21 incidents when compared with the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Deaths and Injuries from Other Primary Fires**

	20	011	2012	
	Q1 To			
Deaths & Injuries From Other Primary Fires	6	8	0	0
Fatality	1	1	0	0
Injured (incl rescue with injury)	5	7	0	0

There were no reported fire fatalities as a result of Other Primary Fires during this reporting period.

# **OBJECTIVE 5:** TO REDUCE THE OCCURRENCE OF UNWANTED FIRE SIGNALS THE ASSOCIATED DISRUPTION

#### **Unwanted Fire Signals**

Definition: Where the FRS attends a location believing there to be a fire incident, but on arrival discovers that no such incident exists, or existed.

	20	2012		
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Unwanted Fire Signals	229	873	205	205
East Berwickshire Ward	13	56	15	15
Galashiels and District Ward	40	151	29	29
Hawick and Denholm Ward	15	51	15	15
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	25	98	15	15
Jedburgh and District Ward	21	66	14	14
Kelso and District Ward	10	47	8	8
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	41	105	22	22
Mid Berwickshire Ward	10	52	13	13
Selkirkshire Ward	17	72	30	30
Tweeddale East Ward	13	66	16	16
Tweeddale West Ward	24	109	28	28

Societal costs are given at £848 per incident as per DCLG

There were 205 Unwanted Fire Signals during this reporting period, a decrease of 24 incidents when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

The FRS work with owners of repeat Unwanted Fire Signals to reduce the occurrence of these types of incident.

#### **Violence to Crews**

Definition: Incidents where it has been recorded that there was an attack on FRS personnel travelling to/from or at the incident.

	20	011		2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total	
Violence To Crews	1	1	0	0	
Verbal abuse	1	1	0	0	

There were no reported incidents of violence against crews during this reporting period.

# **Complaints against FRS Staff**

There were no recorded incidents of complaints against LBFRS within the Scottish Borders during this reporting period.

#### Incidents involving alcohol or drugs

Definition: Incidents where it is suspected that Drugs/Alcohol were a contributory factor in the fire

	20	011	2012	
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Suspected Under the Influence	2	9	4	4
Galashiels and District Ward	1	6	0	0
Jedburgh and District Ward	0	0	1	1
Kelso and District Ward	0	1	0	0
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	0	0	1	1
Mid Berwickshire Ward	1	1	1	1
Tweeddale West Ward	0	1	1	1

There were 4 Incidents involving alcohol or drugs during this reporting period, an increase of when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

Alcohol has been identified as a contributory factor in a number of serious injury/fatal fires due to the affect that it has upon the occupant's ability to react appropriately in a fire situation.

#### Smoking Related Incidents

Definition: Incidents where is has been recorded that the source of ignition is Smoking Related

	20	2011		012
	Q1	Total	Q1	Total
Smoking Related	4	16	2	2
East Berwickshire Ward	1	2	0	0
Galashiels and District Ward	1	4	0	0
Hawick and Denholm Ward	0	1	0	0
Hawick and Hermitage Ward	1	4	0	0
Jedburgh and District Ward	1	1	0	0
Kelso and District Ward	0	1	0	0
Leaderdale and Melrose Ward	0	2	0	0
Tweeddale West Ward	0	1	1	1
Tweeddale East Ward	0	0	1	1

Smoking has been identified as the ignition source in a number of serious injury/fatal fires. There has been a decrease (2 incidents) in the number of smoking related fires during this reporting period when compared to the same period during 2011-12.

#### **Preventative Activities**

#### **Fire Protection**

#### **Non-Domestic premises audits**

Definition: Audits carried out in premises other than Dwellings under the Fire (Safety) Scotland Regulations 2006

District : Borders
Period : 1 Apr-lun 30 2012

Perioa:	1 Apr-Jun 30 2012									nalasina niah nasi	file of Area premis			<u> </u>
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FSEC	Premises type	Number of premises in Area as of 31 March 2012	Number of premises in Area targeted for Planned Audit 2012_13	Number Planned Audits conducted in reporting period	Number of Premis classification changes	Cumulative Planned Audits 1st April Year- to-Date	Percentage of targeted Planned Audits 1st April Year to Date	Well Below Average (relative risk less than or equal to 3)	Below Average (relative risk greater than 3 and less than or equal to 4)	Average (relative risk is greater than 4 and less than or equal to 5)	Above Average (relative risk greater than 5 abd less than or equal to 6)	Well Above Average (relative risk greater than 6)	Closing number of premises in Area	Notes
Α	Hospital	21	21	7		7	33.3%			8	13		21	
В	Care home	36	36						3	16	17		36	
С	Houses of multiple occupation (HMO), Tenement	124	7	3	1	4	71.4%		99	22	3		124	nb. this is Terian view of HMO's and is not as yet representative of Alan Hill's work as HMO officer
D	Dwellings	21	21							21			21	
Е	Hostel	31	4						7	20	4		31	
F	Hotels	188	149	45		45	30.2%		17	153	16		186	
G	House converted to Flat	1								1			1	
н	Other sleeping accommodation	474	3	2		2	66.7%	2	75	400	3		480	
J	Further education	15	2					4	7	2			13	
K	Public building	75						45	21	8	1		75	
L	Licensed premises	322	2					101	162	60	1		324	
М	Schools	204		1		1		75	126	4			205	
N	Shops	815	5	2		2	40.0%	12	461	344	1		818	
Р	Other premises open to public	416		1		1		195	214	10			419	
R	Factories or warehouse	212		1		1		189	23				212	
S	Offices	459						381	78				459	
т	Other workplace	2,282						1,955	335	3			2,293	
	Total	5,696	250	62	1	63	25.6%	2,959	1,628	1,072	59		5,718	

Of the 250 Planned Audits for 2012-13, 62 have been completed during this reporting period the focus being on Hotel premises within Scottish Borders

#### **Community Engagement**

#### **Home Safety Visit Programme**

LBFRS prevention programme to reduce accidental dwelling fires and the associated casualties and fatalities

Definitions:

#### Full HFSV including advice and alarm installations

The FRS must have entered the Householder premises to make a full home fire safety visit where during this visit or a follow up visit to the premises a smoke or heat alarm was installed.

This visit must have been completed within the financial year stated above.

#### HFSV - advice only

The FRS must have entered the Householder premises to provide home fire safety advice and no smoke or heat alarm was installed.

#### Leaflet drop

A leaflet drop is where any FRS literature on Home fire safety has been provided. Leaflet drops include posting information through letterbox of household, handing leaflet over to member of household but not gaining access to premises. If advice is given with the leaflets provided, it does not count as a home fire safety visit unless the FRS was given access to the householders premises.

	No FSEC Risk	Well Below Average	Below Average	Average	Above Average	Well Above Average	Total
Full HFSV including advice and alarm installation		15	28	43	70	46	202
HFSV – Advice Only	2	2	26	14	27	41	112
Leaflet Drop		9	28	57	16	46	156
Number of Detectors fitted		26	50	101	131	71	379

The Home Safety Visit programme continues to reduce risk in the community by making people safer in their homes. 57.4% of Home Safety Visits completed during this reporting period were in dwellings consider to be at above average or well above average risk of having an Accidental Dwelling fire.

# **Community Engagement**

#### QUARTER 1 2011: 1st April - 30th June

#### SCOTTISH BORDERS

ACTIVITY	Q1 2011	Q1 2012
Primary Schools Education Programme (Targeted Schools)	1	0
Firesharp (delivered to P6 classes)	18	17
Nursery Visits	0	8
Youth Programme (Cooldown Crew - student numbers) (i)	0	0
Youth Programme (Phoenix - student numbers) (ii)		
One-to-One Firesetters Intervention Programme (iii)	1	2
The Risk Factory: number of visiting pupils (not Scottish Borders)		
Crucial Crew: number of pupils involved (Scottish Borders Only)	0	0
Community Safety Talks/Attendance at Community Events (iv)	21	23
Fire Safety Inspections (Civic Government [Scotland] Act)	2	0

#### **Definitions**

- (i) Diversionary programme delivered during school time to identified secondary school pupils
- (ii) Diversionary programme delivered one night a week during school term
- (ii) A one to one counselling session with a young person to discuss the consequences of being involved in wilful fire raising.
- (iv) C omprises non-school events including: appliance visits to community groups (fetes, galas etc); group visits to fire stations; specific campaigns (Stair Aware, Cooking Safety, etc); and Community Firefighter talks/stall events. Edinburgh includes the number of groups visiting the Headquarters museum (nb. not individuals)

#### **Road Safety Education**

Definition: LBFRS prevention programme to reduce road traffic collisions and the associated casualties and fatalities.

School/Event	Date
Borders College	30/04
Borders College	10/05
Young Drivers Show	11/05
Young Drivers Show	22/05
Young Drivers Show	25/05
Jim Clark Rally	01/06
SBC Road Show	22/06
Paxton House Road Safety	24/06

A number of events have been carried out jointly working with partner agencies particularly aimed at young drivers in an effort to reduce the occurrence of road traffic collisions on local roads

#### **PARTNERSHIP WORKING**

#### **Current Initiatives**

In order to reduce the occurrence of road traffic collisions resulting in death and injury (Objective 1). The FRS has engaged in a road safety education programme carrying out a number of events working jointly with partner agencies particularly aimed at young drivers across the Scottish Borders.

In order to reduce the occurrence of accidental fires in the home resulting in death and injury (Objective 3) The FRS has completed a Memorandum of Understanding to formalise a Partnership approach to Home Fire Safety between LBFRS and Scottish Borders Registered Social Landlords.

The FRS is currently exploring the possibility of sharing Newcastleton Fire Station with Lothian and Borders Police Force.

The FRS currently allows access to Duns Fire Station to the local first responder group for training and storage of equipment. The FRS is currently working with other groups to offer the use of other facilities if required.

Scottish Borders College have been offered the use of lecture room facilities within Fire Stations across the Scottish Borders to teach adults minority groups, language courses.

#### Telecare systems recommended and installed

One telecare system was recommended to protect a vulnerable adult.



# Performance Report September 2012

## **GENDER BASED VIOLENCE**

<u>Strategic Objective 1</u>: To promote and co-ordinate an effective multi-agency response to gender based violence in line with efforts to protect, prevent and provide whilst supporting effective participation

Indicator	Baseline	YTD	LYTD	% Variance	Comments
Number of reported incidents of domestic abuse adults	2 Year Average (2010/11-2011/12) <b>789</b>	275	280	-1.79%	Performance Period: April to July 2012
Number of reported incidents of domestic abuse where children present	2 Year Average (2010/11-2011/12) 244	59	98	-39.79%	Performance Period: April to July 2012
Percentage of repeat victim incidents dealt with by Lothian and Borders Police	2011/12 <b>48%</b>	42%	48%	-6%	Performance Period: April to July 2012
Percentage of self referrals to specialist support services	2011/12 <b>30</b> %				New service commencing 1 October 2012
Percentage of children registered on child protection register where domestic abuse has been identified as a risk factor	2011/12 <b>50%</b>				Remove, change in recording practice means cases are no longer categorised by cause. Scottish Government Policy decision implemented locally.
Number of Homeless Assessment Presentations due to dispute within household: violent or abusive (% of total Assessments)	3 Year Average (2008/9 -2010/11) <b>77</b>	28 (17.61%)	12 (13.95%)	+133%	Performance Period: Quarter 1 (April to June 2012). Service redesigned last year, changes in staff, policies and procedures, etc resulted in service numbers being much lower for first quarter than the rest of the year. Additionally, new prevention activities implemented in 20012/13 have to date resulted in an additional 7 Homeless Assessment Presentations.

Number of cases on exit from specialist service that have a reduced risk	To Be Established – New Service		Service commencing 1 October 2012.
Service user satisfaction on exit from a specialist service	To Be Established – New Service		Service Commencing 1 October 2012

# <u>Strategic Objective 2</u>: To raise awareness of the impact of violence against women across communities to foster greater capacity and support for those affected

Indicator	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Change	Comments
Number of calls to national domestic abuse helpline (Female)	3 Year Average (2008/09-2010/11) <b>230</b>	-	-	-	Available Annually
Number of calls to national domestic abuse helpline (Male)	2010/2011 <b>1</b>				Available Annually
Number of people reporting to be more informed about the dynamics of domestic abuse					New Indicator recording mechanism to be established by Training
Number of survey respondents reporting a shift in attitude towards violence against women					New Indicator Baseline to be established in Scottish Borders Household Survey

# **ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOUR**

# Strategic Objective 1: Reduce the level and impact of antisocial behaviour

Indicator	Baseline	YTD	LYTD	Variance	Comment
Number of recorded ASB incidents per 1,000 population	2 Year Average (2010/11 – 2011/12)	32	34	-5.88%	Performance Period: Quarter 1 (April-June 2012)
population	134				(April Julie 2012)
Number of youth related incidents	2 Year Average (2010/11 – 2011/12) <b>2437</b>	779	909	-14.3%	As above
Percentage of people who think the following is very or fairly common:	2010 Survey				Scottish Borders Household Survey Published every 2 years.
Noisy neighbours or loud parties	13%				
People being rowdy in public spaces	22%				
Vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage	10%				
People using or dealing drugs	22%				
Groups or individuals intimidating or harassing others	10%				

## Strategic Objective 2: Embed a prevention approach to antisocial behaviour by ensuring a robust and effective partnership response

Indicator	Baseline	YTD	LYTD	Variance	Comment
Number of early interventions made by ASB partners	2010/11	230	223	+3.13%	Performance Period: Quarter 1
	918				(April- June 2012)
Percentage of staff across partnership agencies that	То Ве				Training Programme to be
have excellent/very good knowledge of antisocial	Established				established 2013
behaviour legislation and local policies/procedures					

## Strategic Objective 3: Increase public confidence in the way in which the partnership deals with antisocial behaviour

Indicator	Baseline	YTD	LYTD	Variance	Comment
Number of respondents that were very and fairly satisfied with the response they received when they reported the problem	2010 Survey <b>64%</b>				Scottish Borders Household Survey conducted every 2 years.
Percentage of people who have witnessed antisocial behaviour who had reported it	2010 Survey <b>41.7%</b>				Scottish Borders Household Survey conducted every 2 years

# **ALCOHOL & DRUGS**

# <u>Strategic Objective 1</u>: Encourage prevention activities that are delivered to maximise community wellbeing and reduce the negative impact of substance misuse

Indicator	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
No of reported vandalism	3 Year Average (2009/10- 2011/12) 1112	406	426	-4.69%	Performance Period: April - August 2012
Percentage of asb incidents which are alcohol related	2 Year Average (2010/11-2011/12) <b>21</b> %	20%	22%	2 %	Performance Period: April - August 2012
No of incidents occurring in a licensed premise (ILP)	2 Year Average (2010/11-2011/12) <b>286</b>	105	132	-20.45%	Performance Period: April – August 2012
No of incidents involving needles/drugs paraphernalia	2 Year Average (2010/11-2011/12) <b>65</b>	13	23	-43.5%	Performance Period: April- August 2012
Percentage of 15 year olds drinking on a weekly basis	2010 Survey <b>17%</b>				SALSUS Survey - due for publication 2014
Percentage of 15 year old pupils who usually take illicit drugs at least once a month	2010 Survey <b>6%</b>				SALSUS Survey - due for publication 2014
No of residents reporting that people being drunk or rowdy in a public place is very common or common in their area	2010 Survey <b>22</b> %				Scottish Borders Household Survey conducted every 2 years
No of residents stating that drug use or dealing was very common or common in their area	2010 Survey <b>22</b> %				Scottish Borders Household Survey conducted every 2 years

# Strategic Objective 2: Encourage positive attitudes towards substance misuse

Indicator	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
Percentage of 13 & 15 years old who said their	2010 Survey				SALSUS Survey – due for
family don't mind them drinking alcohol	13yrs – 40%				publication 2014
	15yrs – 57%				
Proportion of individuals drinking above daily	Scottish Health				Not available at Health Board
and/or weekly recommended limits	Survey				level until late Sept 2012
Proportion of individuals drinking above twice	Scottish Health				Not available at Health Board
daily (binge drinking) recommended limits	Survey				level until late Sept 2012
Percentage of young people who thinking that	2010 Survey				SALSUS Survey – due for
young people who take drugs are stupid	13yrs – 78%				publication 2014
	15yrs – 70%				
Percentage of young people who think that	2010 Survey				SALSUS Survey – Due for
taking drugs is exciting	13yrs – 4%				Publication 2014
	15yrs – 17%				

# INJURY PREVENTION (HOME)

## Strategic Objective 1: Encourage uptake of prevention service, in particular those which target falls to older people

Indicator	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
No of emergency hospital admissions for 75+ where a fall has been recorded as the main reason per 100,000 population	3 Year Average (2006/7- 2009/10) <b>3834</b>	762	994	-23.34%	Performance Period: Quarter 1 (April- June 2012)

## Strategic Objective 2: Raise public awareness on the dangers and causes of home injuries in children under 5 years old

Indicator	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
No of emergency hospital admissions to children under 5 due to a home accident per 100,000 population	3 Year Average (2006/7- 2009/10) <b>742</b>	314	199	+57.79%	Performance Period: Quarter 1 (April to June 2012)

## **INJURY PREVENTION (ROADS)**

<u>Strategic Objective 1</u>: Ensure a robust and effective partnership response to road safety issues to achieve Scottish Government targets for reductions in the number of road users killed or seriously injured by 2020

Indicators	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
No of road users killed	5 year Average (2006/07- 2010/11) <b>11</b>	4	3	+33%	Performance Period: April-August 2012
No of road users seriously injured	5 year Average (2006/07- 2010/11) <b>86</b>	30	40	-25%	Performance Period: April-August 2012
No of children killed or seriously injured in a road crash	5 year Average (2006/07- 2010/11) <b>9</b>	2	2	0%	Performance Period: April-August 2012

## Strategic Objective 2: Target interventions in accordance with key risk groups i.e. young/inexperienced drivers, motorcyclists

Indicators	Baseline	CYTD	LYTD	Variance	Comments
Number of young drivers aged 17to 25 years killed or seriously injured in road crashes.	5 year Average (2006/07- 2010/11) <b>9</b>				To be reported annually due to the small numbers presented by this indicator
Number of passengers killed or seriously injured in cars driven by young drivers aged between 17 and 25 years of age.	As above <b>7</b>				To be reported annually due to the small numbers presented by this indicator
Number of motorcyclists killed and seriously injured in road crashes.	As above <b>20</b>				To be reported annually due to the small numbers presented by this indicator